

## DRUGS ACTIONABLE BECAUSE OF DECEPTIVE PACKAGING

**1948. Misbranding of Victory Ointment. U. S. v. 12 Dozen Cartons of Victory Ointment. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 19424. Sample No. 1365-H.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** March 19, 1946, Southern District of Florida.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about February 7, 1946, by the Drexel Laboratories, from Drexel Hill, Pa.

**PRODUCT:** 12 dozen cartons, each containing 1 1-ounce jar, of *Victory Ointment* at Jacksonville, Fla.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Misbranding, Section 502 (i) (1), the container was so made, formed, and filled as to be misleading, since the carton was much larger than was necessary to hold the size of the jar placed therein; and, Section 502 (b) (2), it failed to bear a label containing an accurate statement of the quantity of contents, since the jar label failed to bear any quantity of contents statement.

**DISPOSITION:** May 28, 1946. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

**1949. Misbranding of F & F Medicated Lozenges. U. S. v. 149 Dozen Packages of Medicated Lozenges. Default decree of condemnation. Product delivered to a charitable institution. (F. D. C. No. 19558. Sample No. 16391-H.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** March 27, 1946, Eastern District of Wisconsin.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about February 2, 1946, by the F & F Laboratories, Inc., from Chicago, Ill.

**PRODUCT:** 149 dozen packages of *medicated lozenges* at Milwaukee, Wis.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "F&F Medicated Lozenges For Coughs due to Colds Net Weight 2½ Oz."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Misbranding, Section 502 (i) (1), the container of the article was so filled as to be misleading since an additional 6 lozenges could be placed in each package.

**DISPOSITION:** June 17, 1946. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered to be disposed of in accordance with the further order of the court. The product was subsequently delivered to charitable institutions.

**1950. Misbranding of adhesive strips. U. S. v. 151 Cartons of Adhesive Strips. Default decree of condemnation. Product ordered delivered to public institutions. (F. D. C. No. 17300. Sample No. 12018-H.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** August 24, 1945, District of Rhode Island.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about July 10, 1945, by the Hampton Manufacturing Co., from Carlstadt, N. J.

**PRODUCT:** 151 cartons, each containing 12 packages, of *adhesive strips* at Providence, R. I.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "12 Blue Cross Sterilized Adhesive Strips Mercurochrome Pad."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Misbranding, Section 502 (i) (1), the container was so made, formed, and filled as to be misleading since the retail package was much larger than was necessary to contain the number of adhesive strips placed therein.

**DISPOSITION:** September 27, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered delivered to public institutions.

## INDEX TO NOTICES OF JUDGMENT D. D. N. J. NOS. 1901 TO 1950

## PRODUCTS

|  | N. J. No.  |                            | N. J. No. |
|--|------------|----------------------------|-----------|
| Alcohol, isopropyl                     | 1918       | Benzedrine sulfate tablets | 1903      |
| Aminophyllin and phenobarbital tablets | 1920       | Betaplex                   | 1915      |
| Bandages and dressings                 | 1925, 1950 | B-I-F Combination          | 1905      |
|  |            | Blackturk                  | 1940      |